

# AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**DECEMBER 31, 2023** 

# TABLE OF CONTENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	<u>Pages</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	3-5
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Position	6-7
Statement of Activities	8
Statements of Functional Expenses	9
Statement of Cash Flows	10
Notes to Financial Statements	11-29
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	31
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	32
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	33-34
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	35-37
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	38



#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors Center for Adoption Support and Education, Inc. Burtonsville, Maryland

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Center for Adoption Support and Education, Inc. (C.A.S.E.), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Center for Adoption Support and Education, Inc., as of December 31, 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of C.A.S.E. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about C.A.S.E.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of C.A.S.E.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about C.A.S.E.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited C.A.S.E.'s 2022 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated July 7, 2023. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to

Board of Directors Center for Adoption Support and Education, Inc.

#### Supplementary Information (Continued)

the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2024, on our consideration of C.A.S.E.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of C.A.S.E.'s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering C.A.S.E.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bethesda, Maryland June 27, 2024 Certified Public Accountants

Councilor, Buchanan + Mitchell, P.C.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2023 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022)

	2023	2022
	Total	Total
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 771,346	\$ 1,072,476
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	1,104
Investments, Short-Term	110,319	317,828
Grants and Pledges Receivable, Net	904,389	852,005
Other Receivables	776,322	-
Inventory	12,260	8,720
Prepaid Expenses	26,647	63,550
Total Current Assets	2,601,283	2,315,683
Property and Equipment, at Cost		
Furniture and Equipment	305,781	282,710
Leasehold Improvements	22,174	22,170
Website	139,170	226,159
Website	157,170	220,137
	467,125	531,039
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(212,177)	(278,020)
	254,948	253,019
Long-Term Investments	2,104,554	1,854,522
Long-Term Pledges Receivable, Net	-	4,610
Deferred Compensation Asset	110,935	75,610
Operating Right-of-Use Asset	906,983	1,232,238
Finance Right-of-Use Asset, Net of Accumulated	,	, - ,
Amortization of \$18,538 in 2023 and \$9,269 in 2022	10,814	20,083
Other Assets - Deposits	21,027	21,030
Total Assets	\$ 6,010,544	\$ 5,776,795

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022)

	2023 Total	2022 Total
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 577,000	\$ 225,970
Accrued Salaries and Related Benefits	347,640	264,590
Refundable Advance	558,787	858,393
Line of Credit	207,202	2,670
Operating Lease Liability, Current Portion	239,390	272,947
Finance Lease Liability, Current Portion	180_	9,413
Total Current Liabilities	1,930,199	1,633,983
Long-Term Liabilities		
Operating Lease Liability, Net of Current Portion	750,206	1,041,518
Finance Lease Liability, Net of Current Portion	11,031	11,211
Deferred Compensation Obligation	110,935	75,610
Total Long-Term Liabilities	872,172	1,128,339
Total Liabilities	2,802,371	2,762,322
Net Assets		
Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	844,994	784,900
Net Assets With Donor Restrictions	2,363,179	2,229,573
Total Net Assets	3,208,173	3,014,473
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 6,010,544	\$ 5,776,795

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022)

		2023		
	Without	With		
	Donor	Donor		2022
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total	Tota1
Revenue and Support				
Contributions	\$ 460,841	\$ 186,399	\$ 647,240	\$ 997,878
Grants	5,963,503	-	5,963,503	3,645,142
Counseling	330,928	-	330,928	395,450
Trainings and Publications	244,238	-	244,238	280,320
Dividend and Interest Income	22,182	28,598	50,780	27,670
Training Adoption Competency	504,277	-	504,277	425,850
Special Events, Net of Direct Expenses of \$318,584				
for 2023 and \$45,580 for 2022	426,480	-	426,480	85,947
Employee Retention Credits	776,322	-	776,322	-
Other Revenue	75,698	-	75,698	54,540
Net Assets Released - Satisfaction of Restrictions	281,721	(281,721)		
Total Revenue and Support	9,086,190	(66,724)	9,019,466	5,912,797
Expenses				
Program Services				
Counseling	3,181,568	-	3,181,568	2,988,352
Education Resources and Trainings	636,681	-	636,681	479,781
Publications	100,233	-	100,233	58,514
Training Adoption Competency	387,796	-	387,796	279,968
Youth Development	30,434	-	30,434	28,852
National Initiatives	2,844,000		2,844,000	1,361,357
Total Program Services	7,180,712		7,180,712	5,196,824
Supporting Services				
General and Administrative	1,473,538	-	1,473,538	1,338,052
Fundraising	377,587		377,587	311,598
Total Supporting Services	1,851,125		1,851,125	1,649,650
Total Expenses	9,031,837		9,031,837	6,846,474
Change in Net Assets from Operations	54,353	(66,724)	(12,371)	(933,677)
Realized/Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	5,741	200,330	206,071	(220,380)
Change in Net Assets	60,094	133,606	193,700	(1,154,057)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	784,900	2,229,573	3,014,473	4,168,530
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 844,994	\$ 2,363,179	\$ 3,208,173	\$ 3,014,473

# STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022)

			Progran	1 Services					g Services			
		Education Resources and		Training Adoption	Youth	National	Total Program	General and		Total Supporting	Total	Total
	Counseling	Trainings	Publications	Competency	Development	Initiatives	Services	Administrative	Fundraising	Services	2023	2022
Salaries	\$ 1,955,785	\$ 277,946	\$ 5,495	\$ 96,460	\$ 4,463	\$ 975,461	\$ 3,315,610	\$ 937,363	\$ 247,101	\$ 1,184,464	\$ 4,500,074	\$ 3,800,764
Benefits	305,495	47,251	934	-	759	165,408	519,847	247,939	42,007	289,946	809,793	660,984
Communications	28,676	1,720	-	280	-	57,537	88,213	72,397	960	73,357	161,570	67,963
Occupancy	174,915	973	7,784	-	-	44,540	228,212	123,059	17,523	140,582	368,794	340,885
Depreciation/Amortization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66,797	-	66,797	66,797	70,237
Equipment Repairs and Maintenance	38,373	6,812	-	488	-	41,578	87,251	133,873	795	134,668	221,919	158,320
Travel	15,700	22,010	-	12,410	1,992	68,575	120,687	38,795	1,455	40,250	160,937	98,545
Insurance	1,545	-	-	-	-	-	1,545	20,276	-	20,276	21,821	19,186
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,845	-	27,845	27,845	16,741
Consultants and Professional Services	203,460	27,928	-	30,447	21,701	82,074	365,610	326,758	36,360	363,118	728,728	544,543
Training	4,649	-	-	-	-	1,516	6,165	5,354	-	5,354	11,519	17,939
Postage and Printing	1,775	3,831	1,053	12	453	3,045	10,169	4,138	2,308	6,446	16,615	16,206
Evaluation	7,429	-	-	60,000	-	7,486	74,915	-	-	-	74,915	73,840
Cost of Goods Sold	-	-	58,913	-	-	-	58,913	-	5	5	58,918	42,633
Office Expenses	2,243	38	· _	-	_	2,095	4,376	10,119	42	10,161	14,537	27,267
Supplies and Materials	16,431	5,938	25,986	5,591	1,048	6,424	61,418	10,678	968	11,646	73,064	61,981
Partner Payments	231,203	115,741	· -	136,825	· -	830,713	1,314,482	, -	-	-	1,314,482	540,648
Advertising and Marketing	3,567	7,994	-	-	-	13,312	24,873	58,552	2,600	61,152	86,025	109,332
Dues and Subscriptions	1,119	5,157	-	921	-	6,790	13,987	53,009	2,985	55,994	69,981	54,616
Miscellaneous	3,183	40,428	68	9,737	18	56,522	109,956	58,290	22,478	80,768	190,724	123,844
Loss on Lease Termination	, -	, -	_	, -	_	-	, -	13,491	, -	13,491	13,491	, -
Loss on Disposal of Property and Equipment	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	39,288	-	39,288	39,288	-
Overhead Allocation	186,020	72,914		34,625		480,924	774,483	(774,483)		(774,483)		
Total Expenses	\$ 3,181,568	\$ 636,681	\$ 100,233	\$ 387,796	\$ 30,434	\$ 2,844,000	\$ 7,180,712	\$ 1,473,538	\$ 377,587	\$ 1,851,125	\$ 9,031,837	\$ 6,846,474

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022)

		2023	 2022
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Change in Net Assets	\$	193,700	\$ (1,154,057)
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets to Net Cash			
Used in Operating Activities			
Depreciation and Amortization		66,797	70,237
Loss on Disposal of Property and Equipment		39,288	-
Bad Debt Expense		4,779	19,370
Realized and Unrealized (Gain) Loss on Investments		(206,071)	220,380
Donated Investments		(209,602)	(321,192)
Operating Lease Expense		261,702	276,522
Loss on Lease Termination		13,491	-
Changes in			
Grants and Pledges Receivable		(52,553)	220,633
Other Receivables		(776,322)	-
Inventory		(3,540)	6,857
Prepaid Expenses		36,903	(29,908)
Deposits		3	(4,605)
Deferred Compensation Asset		(35,325)	(5,163)
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		351,030	53,176
Accrued Salaries and Related Benefits		83,050	(13,273)
Refundable Advance		(299,606)	797,436
Operating Lease Liability		(274,807)	(278,425)
Deferred Compensation Obligation		35,325	 5,163
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(771,758)	(136,849)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Purchases of Property and Equipment		(98,745)	(138,400)
Purchases of Investments		(41,706)	(24,955)
Proceeds from Sales of Investments		414,856	306,976
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		274,405	143,621
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Payment on Line of Credit	(2	,547,989)	(881,997)
Proceeds from Line of Credit	2	,752,521	884,667
Principal Payments on Finance Lease Liability		(9,413)	(9,236)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities		195,119	(6,566)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents,			
and Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		(302,234)	206
Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash			
and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1	,073,580	1,073,374
Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash			
and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	771,346	\$ 1,073,580
Supplementary Disclosure of Cash Flow Information			
Interest Paid	\$	27,845	\$ 16,740
Noncash Transactions from Investing and Financing Activities			
Establishment of Operating Right-of-Use Asset	\$	-	\$ 1,489,360
Establishment of Finance Right-of-Use Asset		-	29,352
Establishment of Operating Lease Liability		-	1,573,490
Establishment of Finance Lease Liability		-	29,860

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Organization

Center for Adoption Support and Education, Inc. (C.A.S.E.), was incorporated in 1998, to provide pre- and post-permanency counseling and education services to foster, kinship, and adoptive families, educators, child welfare staff, and mental health providers in the Maryland, Northern Virginia, and Washington, D.C. areas. C.A.S.E. combines best practice and innovation to provide specialized therapy, training, and resources to support permanency for children and promote the healthy growth and development of families, both locally and nationally.

The program services provided by C.A.S.E. include:

Counseling - As a private, nonprofit support center for adoptive families, each year C.A.S.E. provides culturally sensitive mental health services to over 2,044 prospective foster, kinship, and adoptive families and adoptive youth/teens, adult adoptee's and their families, in Maryland, Northern Virginia, and Washington, D.C. C.A.S.E. addresses common developmental issues and social-emotional challenges frequently shared by foster youth, adoptee's, and their families. Post-permanency care involves early intervention measures to ensure that adoptive families can thrive. C.A.S.E. staff are a multi-disciplinary team bringing together expertise in the field of social work, family therapy, trauma informed care, expressive therapy, and education to address the unique needs of this population. C.A.S.E. combines best practices and innovation to provide premiere counseling services to advance permanency for children and the healthy growth and development of families.

Wendy's Wonderful Kids, The Dave Thomas Foundation for Adoption has awarded C.A.S.E. a grant to implement the Wendy's Wonderful Kids evidenced based proactive, child-focused recruitment model in the State of Maryland targeted exclusively on moving the longest-waiting children from foster care into adoptive families.

C.A.S.E. has contracted with the Maryland Department of Human Services to help children aged 18 and younger who have been adopted from foster care to grow in permanent, stable, loving families. This state-wide program delivers specialized post-permanency mental health and educational services and supports. In 2023, 106 families have been served.

C.A.S.E. is leading the Northern Post Adoption Case Consortium Initiative, partnering with Children's Home Society of Virginia, enCircle through funding from the Virginia Department of Social Services to offer post-permanency case management and clinical services to help adoptive families in Virginia access appropriate services and resources through community-based linkage and referral, education, and advocacy. In 2023, 222 families have been served.

Education Resources and Trainings - C.A.S.E.'s training programs and educational forums integrate theory, research, and best and innovative practices designed by our experts in pre- and post-permanency support to meet the specific needs of local, national, and international foster, kinship, and adoption communities. In 2023, 5,433 registrants signed up for 11 Strengthening Your Family webinars and 1,136 individuals participated in 23 customized trainings and workshops provided by C.A.S.E. staff to parents in professionals via contracting organizations. Three WISE Up! Train the Trainer workshops were offered with 12 new organizations becoming licensed WISE Up! Sites. C.A.S.E. also offered three topical, six-week parent support group series with 105 parents participating.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Organization (Continued)

*Education Resources and Trainings (continued)* - Additionally, C.A.S.E. staff participated in three nationally broadcast podcasts. C.A.S.E. delivered 743 in-demand educational webinars to support families and professionals.

**Publications** - C.A.S.E. publications educate families, professionals, and the community about the unique joys and challenges of adoption. C.A.S.E. staff members continue to author books, articles, and fact sheets to further educate parents and professionals.

C.A.S.E. publications include a monthly e-newsletter, *Beneath The Mask: Understanding Adopted Teens, S.A.F.E. at School, The Whole Me and W.I.S.E. Up! Powerbook, 52 Ways to Talk about Adoption*, and the newest publication released in 2019, *Beneath The Mask: For Teen Adoptees*.

Training Adoption Competency (TAC) - TAC is a national evidenced-informed, accredited, rigorously evaluated, manualized training program, developed and owned by C.A.S.E. to provide licensed mental health professionals with the clinical skills they need to provide quality clinical services to adopted persons, birth families, prospective adoptive parents, and adoptive families and kinship families. TAC curriculum is based on 18 clinical competencies vetted nationally with a National Advisory Board of experts with lived and professional expertise. These competencies also provide the foundation for the definition of an adoption competent mental health professional. In 2020, TAC received accreditation by the Institute for Credentialing Excellence moving TAC to the only assessment-based adoption competency certificate program. Since 2009, TAC training has been replicated with 189 cohorts, training 2,789 professionals. In 2023, 21 cohorts of TAC were provided by C.A.S.E. and our 19 partner agencies throughout the United States for a total of 277 students enrolled. Refer to www.adoptionsupport.org for specific localities.

National Initiatives - The National Adoption Competency Mental Health Training Initiative (NTI) (#90CO1144) aims to enhance the capacity of child welfare professionals and mental health practitioners to better understand and address the mental health and developmental needs of children moving to or having achieved permanency through adoption, kinship, or guardianship. Through this initiative, child welfare professionals and mental health practitioners in all states, tribes and territories will have access to two state of the art, evidence-informed, standardized web-based trainings to provide the casework and clinical practices to promote child well-being and family stability. NTI was established in October 2014 through a five year, \$9 million cooperative agreement with the Children's Bureau, Administration of Children and Families, Department of Health and Human Services. The cooperative agreement was extended through September 2022 with additional \$1 million/year senate appropriations funding to continue the implementation nationally. The cooperative agreement was refunded in October 2022 for five years, \$10 million, to continue nationwide infusion and implementation within child welfare systems and increase utilization by mental health providers along with updating the curriculum and continuing the evaluation. Since 2019, 33 state child welfare agencies are either hosting or actively promoting NTI with their staff and another 20 local, state, and national child welfare or mental health private organizations have integrated NTI into practice. In 2023, an additional 2,035 professionals enrolled in NTI with more than 22,400 individuals enrolling in NTI since 2017.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Organization (Continued)

*National Initiatives (continued)* - C.A.S.E. was awarded a new five year initiative for \$20 million in September 2023, to create the National Center for Adoption Competent Mental Health Services. This initiative was funded through a cooperative agreement (#90CO1145) with the Children's Bureau, Administration of Children and Families, Department of Health and Human Services.

The National Center for Adoption Competent Mental Health Services aims to improve mental health outcomes for children and families who experienced child welfare systems by providing technical assistance that bridges the gap between child welfare and mental health systems to increase access to the child welfare competent mental health services that children and families need. C.A.S.E. will work with national leaders as well as parents and young adults with lived experience to provide a continuum of services to support cross-system collaboration between child welfare systems and mental health systems. C.A.S.E. will offer services ranging from articles, webinars, and peer learning communities to hands-on, tailored technical assistance to deliver new and enhanced support and training to states, tribes, territories, and professionals to meet the needs of children and families. All of our services will utilize a racial and broader equity lens. C.A.S.E. has engaged seven national partners to help lead this initiative.

C.A.S.E. is a partner with Spaulding for Children, the lead agency, on a national initiative to create a National Center for Enhanced Post-Adoption Support. This initiative was funded through a cooperative agreement with the Children's Bureau, Administration of Children and Families, Department of Health and Human Services in October 2023. The Post-Adoption Center will serve as a hub for post-adoption expertise and evidence-informed training and technical assistance to support states, tribal nations, and territories around the country as they develop and implement culturally responsive, comprehensive, and accessible post-adoption services.

School Based Mental Health Professionals Training - In 2023, C.A.S.E. adapted the NTI Training for Mental Health Professionals to assure school-based mental health professionals, including school counselors, social workers, therapists, psychologists, and other professionals and administrators, would have the ability to understand and address the mental health and development challenges of students with experiences of adoption, foster care, and kinship care in public, private, and charter K-12 grades. Many of these students experience academic and social/peer challenges due to their early adverse experiences combined with interruptions in learning resulting from multiple moves and placement changes. This training was launched in September 2023. Implementation in local and national schools and school districts and evaluation activities are funded by private funding. Through 2023, 559 school-based mental health professionals have enrolled in the training. School Based Mental Health Professionals Training is included in Education Resources and Training on the statement of functional expenses for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements of C.A.S.E. have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the obligations are incurred.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Prior Year Information

The financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative totals as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with C.A.S.E.'s financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, from which the summarized information was derived.

#### Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

#### Income Taxes

C.A.S.E. is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. C.A.S.E. is not a private foundation. C.A.S.E. believes that it has appropriate support for any tax positions taken, and, as such, does not have any uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements. C.A.S.E. recognizes interest expense and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits, if any, in general and administrative expenses on the statement of activities. During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, C.A.S.E. did not have net tax income from unrelated business activity; therefore, there is no provision in these financial statements for income taxes or interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits. Tax years prior to 2020 are no longer subject to examination by the IRS or the tax jurisdiction of the State of Maryland.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

C.A.S.E. considers all cash and other highly liquid investments with initial maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents that are not held in the investment portfolio.

C.A.S.E. maintains cash accounts at several financial institutions. Amounts at each institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to certain limits. At times during the year, C.A.S.E.'s cash balances exceeded federally insured limits. Management believes the risk in these situations to be minimal.

#### Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents represent cash in a bank account that is restricted by donors for the endowment fund. These amounts are for long-term purposes and recorded separately on the statement of financial position.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents on the statement of cash flows is comprised of the following for the years ended December 31:

	2023	2022
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 771,346 -	\$ 1,072,476 1,104
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Shown in the Statement of Cash Flows	\$ 771,346	\$ 1,073,580

#### Right-of-Use Assets and Lease Liabilities

The determination of whether an arrangement is a lease is made at the lease's inception. Under the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, a contract is (or contains) a lease if it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is defined under the standard as having both the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset and the right to direct the use of the asset. Management only reassesses its determination if the terms and conditions of the contract are changed.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of minimum lease payments using a risk-free rate that approximates the remaining term of the lease. The right-of-use asset is the lease liability adjusted for other lease-related accounts. Management considers the likelihood of exercising renewal or termination clauses (if any) in measuring C.A.S.E.'s right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. Operating lease expense and finance lease amortization expense is allocated over the remaining lease term on a straight-line basis. Finance lease interest expense is calculated using a risk-free rate that approximates the remaining term of the lease multiplied by the outstanding finance lease liability.

C.A.S.E. considers leases with initial terms of twelve months or less, and no option to purchase the underlying asset, to be short-term leases. Accordingly, short-term lease costs are expensed over the remaining lease term, with no corresponding right-of-use asset or lease liability. In addition, C.A.S.E. does not separate non-lease components from lease components (if any) when determining the payments for leases of office equipment.

#### Investments

Investments consist of money funds, certificates of deposit with original maturities in excess of three months, mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, and stocks. Investments in mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, and stocks are reported at their fair value based on quoted market prices provided by independent investment managers. Certificates of deposit are considered debt securities and, therefore, are recorded at fair value. Realized and unrealized gains and losses, net of fees, are included in interest and investment income (loss) in the statement of activities. Donated investments are reflected as contributions at their fair values at date of receipt.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Investments (Continued)

Money market funds held in investment accounts with investment institutions are classified as investments on the statement of financial position. Investments subject to donor restrictions are classified as long-term investments on the statement of financial position.

C.A.S.E. received donated investments with a fair value of \$209,602 and \$321,192 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### Grants and Pledges Receivable

C.A.S.E. records grants and pledges receivable, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is determined based on a review of the estimated collectability of the specific assets, plus a provision based on historical loss experience and existing economic conditions.

Uncollectible amounts are charged off against the allowance for doubtful accounts once management determines an amount, or a portion thereof, to be uncollectible. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, management deemed all receivables to be collectible and, as such, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided for in these financial statements. Bad debt expense was \$4,779 and \$19,370 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are reflected as current pledges receivable and recorded at their net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are reflected as long-term pledges receivable and recorded at the present value of their net realizable values. The discount on long-term pledges receivable is computed using a risk-free interest rate at the time the promise is made. Amortization of the discount is included in contributions. C.A.S.E. records pledges receivable, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is determined based on a review of the estimated collectability of the specific assets, plus a general provision based on historical loss experience and existing economic conditions. Uncollectible amounts are charged off against the allowance for doubtful accounts once management determines an amount, or a portion thereof, to be uncollectible. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, management deemed all pledges receivable to be collectible and, as such, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided for in these financial statements.

#### Inventory

Inventory consists of publications, which are stated at the lower of cost or market value using the first-in, first-out method.

#### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment in excess of \$1,000 with an estimated useful life of more than one year is capitalized and stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, ranging from three to seven years, on a straight-line basis. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the useful life or the term of the lease. The website is amortized over its estimated useful life (five years).

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Refundable Advance

Refundable advance consists mainly of grant and funding received in advance of the incurred related expenses. Revenue is recognized when the related expenses have occurred.

#### Net Assets

C.A.S.E.'s net assets are classified into the following categories:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions - these net assets are available for the operation of C.A.S.E.

*Net Assets With Donor Restrictions* - these net assets include contributions and grants subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met by the actions of C.A.S.E, the passage of time, or whose use is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that neither expire by passage of time nor can be fulfilled or otherwise removed by C.A.S.E.'s actions. Net assets with donor restrictions become net assets without donor restrictions when the contributions or grants are used for their restricted purposes, or when the time restrictions expire, at which time they are reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

In celebration of their 20<sup>th</sup> Anniversary in April 2018, C.A.S.E. launched a Growing Together Campaign to generate \$1 million in planned gifts, \$2 million for an endowment, and \$2 million in growth capital for new program development, expansion, and innovation. Due to the pandemic, C.A.S.E. extended the campaign to December 2021 and raised approximately \$5.2 million in total. The Board of Directors approved investment of growth capital for key priorities in the strategic plan of \$494,039 and \$664,262 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### Revenue Recognition

C.A.S.E. recognizes revenue through the five-step model prescribed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in the Accounting Standards Codification (ASC), *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*: (1) identification of the contract with a customer; (2) identification of the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determination of the transaction price; (4) allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (5) recognition of revenue when a performance obligation is met. C.A.S.E. applies the practical expedient in ASC 606-10-50-14 and, therefore, does not disclose information about remaining performance obligations that have original expected durations of one year or less.

Grant revenue under a C.A.S.E. contract is comprised of an exchange element based on the value of benefits provided. Revenue is recognized over the period to which the contract applies. Revenue received in advance and not yet earned is deferred to the applicable period. Revenue earned but not yet received is recorded as accounts receivable. Accounts receivable for these reciprocal contracts at December 31, 2023, is \$130,447.

Grant revenue includes \$2.6 million of counseling revenue at December 31, 2023.

Special events revenue is recorded equal to the fair value of benefits provided with the special event payment. Special events revenue for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, includes \$123,171 and \$-0-, respectively, that is restricted for counseling fees - family assistance and staff training.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Fees for counseling, trainings and publications are recognized as earned when the project work is completed or when the related event has occurred.

Contributions and grants are classified as either conditional or unconditional. Unconditional contributions and grants, including unconditional promises to give are recognized at fair value when the commitment to contribute is received and are reported as without donor restrictions revenue and support unless specifically restricted by the donor or by law. Amounts received that are designated for future periods or restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as revenue and support with donor restrictions.

Revenue is recognized on a conditional contribution or grant once a barrier or hurdle to be entitled to the resource is overcome and the resource provider is released from the obligation to fund or has the right of return of any advanced funding if C.A.S.E. fails to overcome the barrier. Any funding received prior to overcoming the barrier is recognized as refundable advance in the statement of financial position. C.A.S.E. has executed conditional grant agreements totaling approximately \$6.9 million that have not been recognized as of December 31, 2023.

C.A.S.E. receives funding under cost-reimbursable federal and state grants and contracts which are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses. Amounts received are recognized as revenue when C.A.S.E. has incurred expenditures in compliance with specific grant or contract provisions. Amounts received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures are reported as refundable advance in the statement of financial position.

#### Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. Costs incurred by a program or supporting service are charged directly to that service. Other general and administrative costs have been allocated based on an overhead allocation. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

#### Reclassifications

Certain 2022 amounts have been reclassified for comparative purposes.

#### 2. ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS UPDATES

#### Accounting Standard Update 2016-13

During the year ended December 31, 2023, C.A.S.E. adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-13, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*. ASU 2016-13 revises the accounting requirements related to the measurement of credit losses and requires organizations to measure all expected credit losses for financial assets based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts about collectability. Assets must be presented in the financial statements at the net amount expected to be collected.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 2. ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS UPDATES (CONTINUED)

#### Accounting Standard Update 2016-13 (Continued)

All assets that fall within the scope of ASU 2016-13 were evaluated to determine if the measurement of expected credit losses is material. C.A.S.E. adopted ASU 2016-13 and the effect of the adoption was not material to the financial statements.

#### 3. LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABLE RESOURCES

C.A.S.E. regularly monitors liquidity to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments, while also striving to maximize the investment of its available funds. C.A.S.E. has various sources of liquidity at its disposal, including cash and cash equivalents, investments, and its line of credit.

For purposes of analyzing resources available to meet general expenditures over a 12-month period, C.A.S.E. considers all expenditures related to its ongoing activities. In addition to financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next 12-months, C.A.S.E. operates with a balanced budget and anticipates collecting sufficient revenue to cover general expenditures not covered by donor-restricted resources. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the following table reflects the total financial assets held by C.A.S.E. and the amounts of those financial assets that could readily be made available within one year of the statement of financial position date to meet general expenditures:

	2023		2022	
Financial Assets				_
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	771,346	\$ 1,073,580	)
Grants and Pledges Receivable, Net		904,389	852,005	j
Other Receivables		776,322	-	
Investments, Short-Term		110,319	317,828	;
Investments, Long-Term		2,104,554	1,854,522	<u>;                                    </u>
		4,666,930	4,097,935	;
Less Those Unavailable for General				
Expenditure within One Year Due to				
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents for Endowment		-	(1,104	.)
Investments Subject to Donor Restrictions	(	(2,104,554)	(1,854,522	2)
Pledges Restricted for Endowment		-	(21,709	)
Long-Term Pledges Receivable Due in Excess of One Year		_	(4,610	))
Financial Assets Available to Meet Cash Needs for				
General Expenditures within One Year	\$	2,562,376	\$ 2,215,990	<u></u>

As noted in Note 6, C.A.S.E. has an additional \$542,000 available to draw upon from their line of credit to meet general expenditures.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 4. INVESTMENTS

Investments consist of the following at December 31:

	2023	
Money Funds Certificates of Deposit Equities - Mutual Funds and	\$ 145,683 324,896	\$ 18,832 582,191
Exchange-Traded Funds Equities - Stocks	1,652,216 92,078	1,496,109 75,218
Less Short-Term Investments	2,214,873 (110,319)	2,172,350 (317,828)
Long-Term Investments	\$ 2,104,554	\$ 1,854,522

Interest and investment income, net, consists of the following for the years ended December 31:

	2023			2022
Dividend Income	\$	39,080	\$	33,330
Interest Income		26,273		6,950
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on				
Investments, Net		206,071		(220,380)
Investment Fees		(14,573)		(12,610)
	\$	256,851	\$	(192,710)

#### 5. GRANTS AND PLEDGES RECEIVABLE

Grants and pledges receivable consist of the following at December 31:

	2023	2022
Grants Receivable Pledges Receivable Less Than One Year Pledges Receivable in One to Five Years	\$ 879,389 25,000 -	\$ 610,295 241,710 5,000
Total Grants and Pledges Receivable	904,389	857,005
Less Discount to Present Value	 	 (390)
Grants and Pledges Receivable, Net	904,389	856,615
Less Current Portion	 	(241,710)
Grants and Pledges Receivable, Net of Current Portion	\$ 904,389	\$ 614,905

For the year ended December 31, 2022, pledges receivable due in excess of one year were discounted based on a discount rate of 8.50%.

#### 6. LINE OF CREDIT

C.A.S.E. has a \$750,000 line of credit, which bears interest at *The Wall Street Journal's* prime rate plus 1%. The line of credit is secured by any and all property of C.A.S.E. The line of credit has no maturity date.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 6. LINE OF CREDIT (CONTINUED)

There was an outstanding balance of \$207,202 and \$2,670 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### 7. CONCENTRATIONS

As of December 31, 2023, three grants and contracts comprised approximately 60% of grants and contributions receivable. For the year ended December 31, 2023, three grants and contracts accounted for approximately 40% of grants and contributions revenue. For the year ended December 31, 2022, two grants and contracts comprised approximately 43% of grants and contributions receivable, and two grants and contracts accounted for approximately 55% of grants and contributions revenue.

#### 8. DONATED SERVICES

During the year ended December 31, 2023, C.A.S.E. received donated services of \$117,587, of which \$99,408 is included in professional services and occupancy expenses in the statement of functional expenses, and \$18,179 is netted with special events revenue on the statement of activities, and are allocated as follows:

	Program Services				Support Services				
	Со	unseling		General Youth and Development Administrative		and		ındraising	2023 Total
Occupancy Consultants and Professional	\$	9,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,000
Services		-		2,916		87,492		-	90,408
Special Events				-				18,179	18,179
Total Expenses	\$	9,000	\$	2,916	\$	87,492	\$	18,179	\$ 117,587

C.A.S.E. was provided legal, HR and IT consulting, golf tournament supplies, and rental space at no cost. Based on current market rates for these services and supplies, C.A.S.E. would have paid \$117,587 for the year ended December 31, 2023.

All donated services received by C.A.S.E. for the year ended December 31, 2023, were considered without donor restrictions and available to be used by C.A.S.E. as determined by the Board of Directors and management.

#### 9. NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net assets with donor restrictions consist of the following at December 31:

	2023	2022
Corpus and Expendable Portion of Endowment Fund Subject to Passage of Time Scholarship and Staff Development Fund	\$ 2,101,114 25,000 237,065	\$ 1,873,897 124,608 231,068
Total	\$ 2,363,179	\$ 2,229,573

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 9. NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended December 31, 2023, net assets released from donor restrictions were as follows:

Endowment Fund	\$ 1,709
Scholarship Fund	180,012
Time-Restricted	 100,000
	\$ 281,721

#### 10. LEASES

C.A.S.E. has both operating and finance leases for office space and office equipment. C.A.S.E. leases office space in different locations. The main office is in Burtonsville, Maryland, and C.A.S.E. also currently has offices in Baltimore City, Maryland; Frederick, Maryland; Prince George's County, Maryland; Towson, Maryland; Sterling, Virginia; Annandale, Virginia; and Washington, D.C.

#### Operating Lease under Topic 842

The Burtonsville, Maryland, office space is leased under an agreement, which originated in December 2018, commenced October 1, 2019, and expires January 31, 2028, with an option to renew for an additional five years. In addition to the base lease payment, C.A.S.E. is responsible for a proportionate share of operating expenses and taxes. C.A.S.E.'s share of these costs was approximately \$38,000 during 2023 and is included in occupancy expense on the statement of functional expenses for the year ended December 31, 2023. The lease included an abatement of 50% for the first eight months of the lease.

The Sterling, Virginia, office space was leased under an agreement, which as amended, expired December 31, 2021. In November 2021, C.A.S.E. renewed the lease for an additional three years beginning January 1, 2022. Base lease payment includes all operating expenses and taxes. During June 2023, C.A.S.E. signed an early termination agreement for the Sterling, Virginia, office space to terminate the lease on June 30, 2023. C.A.S.E. owed an early termination penalty of \$15,000 to the landlord. The early termination results in a reduction of the right-of-use asset and lease liability in 2023 of approximately \$80,000 and \$66,000, respectively, and a loss on the early termination of approximately \$13,000.

The Annandale, Virginia, office space is leased under an agreement signed in April 2022 and commenced in June 2022. The lease term is 52 months. Base lease payment under the lease will increase by 2.5% each year. In addition to the base lease payment, C.A.S.E. is responsible for its proportionate share of operating expenses and taxes. C.A.S.E.'s share of these costs was approximately \$1,500 during 2023 and is included in occupancy expense on the statement of functional expenses for the year ended December 31, 2023. The lease includes an abatement of 100% for the first three months of the lease and for the first two months of the second lease year. The lease has an option to renew for an additional three years.

Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), operating lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease term. Operating lease expense for these leases totaled approximately \$261,000 and is included in occupancy expense on the statement of functional expenses for the year ended December 31, 2023.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 10. LEASES (CONTINUED)

#### Operating Lease under Topic 842 (Continued)

Maturity of the operating lease liability as of December 31, 2023, is as follows:

#### For the Years Ending December 31,

2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$ 251,722 258,548 256,978 230,973 19,642
Total Undiscounted Minimum Lease Payments Less Discount to Present Value	1,017,863 (28,267)
Total Operating Lease Liability	\$ 989,596

The supplementary qualitative operating lease information is as follows:

Supplementary Qualitative Operating Lease Information	Amount
Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term (Years)	3.94
Weighted-Average Discount Rate	1.43%

The Baltimore City, Maryland, office space is donated to C.A.S.E. through the Baltimore City Department of Social Services. The office space commenced November 15, 2021, and does not have a maturity date. The value of the in-kind lease is approximately \$750 per month.

In accordance with FASB ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, C.A.S.E. considers leases with initial terms of twelve months or less, and no option to purchase the underlying asset, to be short-term leases. Accordingly short-term lease costs associated with month-to-month office rent are expensed as payments when incurred. The short-term leases are as follows:

The Frederick, Maryland, office space lease was subleased under a one year agreement that commenced March 1, 2023, and will terminate January 31, 2024. The sublease agreement is renewable 30 days prior to the end of the term.

The Prince George's County, Maryland, office space was leased under a one year agreement that commenced February 1, 2019, and terminated January 31, 2020. As of February 1, 2020, C.A.S.E. continued its lease on a month-to-month agreement.

The Towson, Maryland, office space is leased under a one-year agreement, that has been extended from year to year. The lease was most recently renewed for one year effective September 1, 2023.

The Washington, D.C., office space was leased under a one year agreement that commenced April 1, 2022, and will terminate March 31, 2023. The lease will renew automatically on a month-to-month basis on the lease termination date unless written notice to terminate has been given by either party no less than 90 days prior to the termination date.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 10. LEASES (CONTINUED)

#### Operating Lease under Topic 842 (Continued)

Operating lease expense for the short-term leases was approximately \$62,000 and is included in occupancy expense on the statement of functional expenses for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### Finance Lease under Topic 842

C.A.S.E. is obligated under a non-cancelable finance lease for a copier which expires February 2025. Amortization on the finance right-of-use asset totaled \$9,269 and is included in depreciation and amortization expense on the statement of functional expenses for the year ended December 31, 2023. The accumulated amortization on the finance right-of-use asset was \$18,538 as of December 31, 2023. Interest expense on the finance lease liability totaled \$295 for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Maturity of the finance lease liability as of December 31, 2023, is as follows:

### For the Years Ending December 31,

2024	\$ 9,708
2025	 1,618
Total Undiscounted Minimum Lease Payments Less Discount to Present Value	11,326 (115)
Total Finance Lease Liability	\$ 11,211

The supplementary qualitative finance lease information is as follows:

Supplementary Qualitative Finance Lease Information		Amount	
Interest Paid for Amounts Included in the Measurement			
of Finance Lease Liabilities - Operating Cash Flows	\$	295	
Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term (Years)		1.17	
Weighted-Average Discount Rate		1.90%	

#### 11. RETIREMENT PLANS

C.A.S.E. provides retirement benefits to its employees through a defined contribution plan covering all full-time employees with 1,000 hours of eligible experience. C.A.S.E. matches 50% of each employee's contribution, up to 4% of gross wages. Contributions to the plan during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, totaled \$41,863 and \$31,920, respectively.

During 2019, C.A.S.E. established a Section 457 deferred compensation plan, to provide a select group of management or highly compensated employees the ability to defer a portion of their compensation to provide retirement benefits, and provides for discretionary contributions by C.A.S.E. The deferred compensation plan was established to comply with the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code (Code). C.A.S.E. did not contribute for the years ended December 31, 2023 or 2022.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 12. CONTINGENCY

C.A.S.E. receives grants from various agencies of the United States Government which are subject to audit. Any adjustments to costs allowed under these grants as a result of government audit will be reflected in the period they are determined. Management is of the opinion that no material liability will result from such audit.

#### 13. ENDOWMENTS

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets established with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

#### Donor-Restricted Net Assets - Interpretation of Relevant Law

The Board of Directors has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) enacted into law in Maryland on April 14, 2009, as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds, absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, C.A.S.E. classifies as donor-restricted endowments (a) the original value of gifts to the donor-restricted endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the donor-restricted endowment, and (c) accumulations to the donor-restricted endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not retained in perpetuity is subject to appropriation for expenditure by C.A.S.E. in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, C.A.S.E. considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. The preservation of C.A.S.E. and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of C.A.S.E.
- 7. The investment policies of C.A.S.E.

#### Funds with Deficiencies

From time to time, the fair value of the assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowments may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires C.A.S.E. to retain as a fund of perpetual duration (underwater endowments). C.A.S.E. has interpreted UPMIFA to permit spending from underwater endowments in accordance with prudent measures required under law. C.A.S.E. did not have underwater endowments in 2023 or 2022.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 13. ENDOWMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Donor-Restricted Endowments' Return Objective and Risk Parameters

C.A.S.E.'s objectives are to invest in accordance with sound investment practices that emphasize long-term investment fundamentals. In establishing the investment objectives of C.A.S.E., the authorized decision makers have taken into account the time horizon available for investment, the nature of C.A.S.E.'s cash flows and liabilities, and other factors that affect C.A.S.E.'s risk tolerance. Accordingly, the investment objective of the portfolio is growth and income. This investment objective:

- Is a diversified approach that emphasizes capital appreciation over the long-term along with a stable source of current income:
- Implies a willingness to risk some declines in value over the short-term, so long as the portfolio is positioned to exhibit capital appreciation and generate some current income;
- Is expected to earn long-term returns in excess of the rate of inflation over full market cycles (net of spending and investment and administrative expenses), but may lag inflation in some environments;
- Diversifies the portfolio in order to provide opportunities for long-term growth and to reduce the potential for large losses that could occur from holding concentrated positions or over concentration of one particular asset class; and
- Recognizes that investment results over the long-term may lag those of other more aggressively
  invested portfolios and hence experience lower price volatility which should lead to smoother
  results through difficult market environments. Nevertheless, this endowment is expected
  to earn long-term returns that compare favorably to appropriate market indexes.
- Beginning in 2021, the investment strategy includes sustainable, socially conscious, green or ethical investing, which seeks to consider both financial return and social good to bring about positive change.

#### Spending Policy

The spending policy for the donor-restricted endowments is to make available an amount equal to approximately 5% of the market value of the previous fiscal year's asset balance. Special projects and difficult economic periods may require extraordinary distributions above the 5%.

In such cases a Board resolution is required to authorize the additional amount. No spending will be authorized if the endowment goes below \$1.8 million in assets which approximates the corpus of the endowment of \$2,004,792. At December 31, 2023, the investment balance of the endowment is \$2,101,114.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

### 13. ENDOWMENTS (CONTINUED)

### Spending Policy (Continued)

Changes in the donor-restricted endowment fund for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, are as follows:

With
Donor
Restrictions
\$ 2,079,531
18,878 (224,512)
1,873,897
28,598
200,330
(1,711)
\$ 2,101,114

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 14. FAIR VALUE

C.A.S.E. has determined the fair value of certain assets and liabilities through application of the Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (FASB ASC). Fair values of assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis at December 31, 2023 and 2022, are as follows:

Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using								
December 31, 2023		Fair Value	]	uoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical eets/Liabilities Level 1		Significant Other Observable Inputs Level 2	Unob In	iificant servable puts vel 3
Assets Money Funds Certificates of Deposit Equities - Mutual Funds and	\$	145,683 324,896	\$	145,683	\$	324,896	\$	-
Exchange - Traded Funds Equities - Stocks Deferred Compensation Asset		1,652,216 92,078 110,935		1,652,216 92,078 110,935		- - -		- - -
Total Assets	\$	2,325,808	\$	2,000,912	\$	324,896	\$	-
Liabilities Deferred Compensation Obligation	\$	(110,935)	\$	(110,935)	\$	_	\$	
December 31, 2022								
Assets Money Funds	\$	18,832	\$	18,832	\$	-	\$	_
Certificates of Deposit		582,191		-	·	582,191	·	-
Equities - Mutual Funds and Exchange - Traded Funds Equities - Stocks Deferred Compensation Asset		1,496,109 75,218 75,610		1,496,109 75,218 75,610		- - -		- -
Total Assets	\$	2,247,960	\$	1,665,769	\$	582,191	\$	-
Liabilities Deferred Compensation Obligation	\$	(75,610)	\$	(75,610)	\$		\$	

This FASB ASC topic establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels: Level 1 inputs consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and provide the highest quality inputs. Level 2 inputs are based primarily on quoted prices for identical assets in inactive markets or similar assets in active or inactive markets or other significant observable inputs. Level 3 inputs provide the lowest quality inputs because there are no significant observable inputs. C.A.S.E. uses appropriate valuation techniques based on the available inputs to measure the fair value of its investments. When available, C.A.S.E. measures fair value using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value. Level 2 investments consist of certificates of deposit and are valued using a market approach from pricing sources utilized by investment managers. There have been no changes in the valuation methodologies during the current year. All assets have been valued using a market approach. The value of the deferred compensation obligation is based upon the underlying fair value of the deferred compensation assets.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 15. EMPLOYEE RETENTION CREDIT

The Employee Retention Credit (ERC) was created as part of the CARES Act in response to COVID-19 and provides employers a refundable tax credit against certain employment taxes after March 12, 2020. During 2023, C.A.S.E. applied for approximately \$776,000 of ERC related to the year ended December 31, 2021. The ERC is recorded as employee retention credits on the statement of activities and other receivables on the statement of financial position.

#### 16. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through June 27, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Award Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Provided to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Adoption Opportunities	93.652	90CO1144-01-00	\$ 1,481,606	\$ 428,949	
Adoption Opportunities	93.652	90CO1144-02-00	487,737	148,925	
Adoption Opportunities	93.652	90CO1145-01-00	538,986	252,329	
Pass-Through from Spaulding for Children					
Adoption Opportunities	93.652	HHS-2023-ACF-ACYF-CO-1146	61,244	510	
Pass-Through from Virginia Department of Social Services	02.450	T111.00.000.01	25.455	11.500	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	FAM-20-082-01	35,455	11,583	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	FAM-20-082-01	33,974	11,538	
Total Pass-Through Programs from Virginia Department of Social Services			69,429	23,121	
Provider Relief Fund and American Rescue Plan (ARP) Rural Distribution	93.498	N/A	115,203		
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,754,205	853,834	
U.S. Department of Treasury					
Pass-Through from Baltimore County, Maryland					
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	1505-0271	126,622		
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			126,622		
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 2,880,827	\$ 853,834	

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of C.A.S.E. under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of C.A.S.E., it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of C.A.S.E.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

C.A.S.E. has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors Center for Adoption Support and Education, Inc. Burtonsville, Maryland

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Center for Adoption Support and Education, Inc. (C.A.S.E.), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2024.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered C.A.S.E.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of C.A.S.E.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of C.A.S.E.'s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether C.A.S.E.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Board of Directors Center for Adoption Support and Education, Inc.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of C.A.S.E.'s internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering C.A.S.E.'s internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Councilor, Buchanan + Mitchell, P.C.

Bethesda, Maryland June 27, 2024



# Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Directors Center for Adoption Support and Education, Inc. Burtonsville, Maryland

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Center for Adoption Support and Education, Inc.'s (C.A.S.E.) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of C.A.S.E.'s major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. C.A.S.E.'s major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, C.A.S.E. complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of C.A.S.E. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of C.A.S.E.'s compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to C.A.S.E.'s federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on C.A.S.E.'s compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance (Continued)

is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about C.A.S.E.'s compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding C.A.S.E.'s compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of C.A.S.E.'s internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of C.A.S.E.'s internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Our audit was designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bethesda, Maryland June 27, 2024 Certified Public Accountants

Councilor, Buchanan + Mitchell, P.C.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

**Financial Statements** 

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the audited

financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified?

Significant deficiency reported

not considered to be material weakness?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness identified?

Significant deficiency reported

not considered to be material weakness?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs:

Unmodified

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through

Assistance Listing Number Grantor/Program Title

93.652 Adoption Opportunities

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings

None were reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None were reported.